

SUBCHAPTER K—HOUSING

PART 256—HOUSING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Sec.

- 256.1 Purpose.
- 256.2 Definitions.
- 256.3 Policy.
- 256.4 Information collection.
- 256.5 What is the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.6 Am I eligible for the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.7 What housing services are available under the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.8 When do I qualify for Category A assistance?
- 256.9 When do I qualify for Category B assistance?
- 256.10 When do I qualify for Category C assistance?
- 256.11 What are the occupancy and square footage standards for housing provided with Category C assistance?
- 256.12 Who administers the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.13 How do I apply for the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.14 What are the steps that must be taken to process my application for the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.15 How long will I have to wait for the improvement, repair, or replacement of my dwelling to be done?
- 256.16 Who is responsible for identifying what work will be done on my dwelling?
- 256.17 What will the servicing housing office do to identify what work is to be done on my dwelling?
- 256.18 How will I be advised of what work is to be done?
- 256.19 Who performs the improvements, repairs, or replacement of my dwelling?
- 256.20 How are these repairs or construction trades persons, home building contractors, or construction companies selected and paid?
- 256.21 Will I have to vacate my dwelling while repair work or replacement of my dwelling is being done?
- 256.22 How can I be sure that the work that is being done on my dwelling meets minimum construction standards?
- 256.23 How will I be advised that the repair work or replacement of my dwelling has been completed?
- 256.24 How many times can I receive improvements, repairs, or replacement services under the Housing Improvement Program?
- 256.25 Will I need flood insurance?

256.26 Is my Federal government-assisted dwelling eligible for services under the Housing Improvement Program?

256.27 Can I receive Housing Improvement Program services if I am living in a mobile home?

256.28 Can Housing Improvement Program resources be supplemented with other available resources?

256.29 What can I do if I disagree with actions taken under the Housing Improvement Program?

AUTHORITY: 25 U.S.C. 13.

SOURCE: 63 FR 10134, Mar. 2, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

§ 256.1 Purpose.

The purpose of the part is to define the terms and conditions under which assistance is given to Indians under the Housing Improvement Program (HIP).

§ 256.2 Definitions.

As used in this part 256:

Agency means the current organizational unit of the Bureau that provides direct services to the governing body or bodies and members of one or more specified Indian tribes.

Appeal means a written request for review of an action or the inaction of an official of the Bureau of Indian Affairs that is claimed to adversely affect the interested party making the request, as provided in part 2 of this chapter.

Applicant means an individual or persons on whose behalf an application for services has been made under this part.

Area Director means the officer in charge of a Bureau of Indian Affairs area office, or his/her authorized delegate.

Bureau means the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Child means a person under the age of 18 or such other age of majority as is established for purposes of parental support by tribal or state law (if any) applicable to the person at his or her residence, except that no other person who has been emancipated by marriage can be deemed a child.

Cost effective means the cost of the project is within the cost limits for the category of assistance and adds sufficient years of service to the dwelling to

§ 256.2

25 CFR Ch. I (4–1–02 Edition)

satisfy the recipient's housing needs well into the future.

Disabled means legally blind; legally deaf; lack of or inability to use one or more limbs; chair or bed bound; inability to walk without crutches or walker; mental disability in an adult of a severity that requires a companion to aid in basic needs, such as dressing, preparing food, etc.; or severe heart and/or respiratory problems preventing even minor exertion.

Family means one or more persons maintaining a household.

Household means persons living with the head of household who may be related or unrelated to the head of household and who function as members of a family.

Independent trades person means any person possessing the ability to perform work in a particular vocation.

Indian means any person who is a member of any of those tribes listed in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to 25 CFR part 83, as recognized by and receiving services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Indian tribe means an Indian or Alaska Native tribe, band, nation, pueblo, village or community that the Secretary of the Interior acknowledges to exist as an Indian tribe pursuant to Pub. L. 103-454, 108 Stat. 4791.

Permanent members of household means adults living in the household that intend to live there continuously from now on and any children defined as a *child* in this part.

Secretary means the Secretary of the Interior.

Service area means the reservations (former reservations in Oklahoma), allotments, restricted lands, and Indian-owned lands (including lands owned by corporations established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act) within a geographical area designated by the tribe and approved by the Area Director to which equitable services can be delivered.

Servicing housing office means the tribal housing office or bureau housing assistance office administering the Housing Improvement Program in the service area in which the applicant resides.

Standard Housing means a dwelling that is decent, safe, and sanitary.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this definition, standard housing must meet each of the following conditions:

(i) General construction must conform to applicable tribal, county, State, or national codes and to appropriate building standards for the region;

(ii) The heating system must have the capacity to maintain a minimum temperature of 70 degrees in the dwelling during the coldest weather in the area;

(iii) The heating system must be safe to operate and maintain and deliver a uniform heat distribution;

(iv) The plumbing system must include a properly installed system of piping and fixtures;

(v) The electrical system must include wiring and equipment properly installed to safely supply electrical energy for lighting and appliance operation;

(vi) Occupants per dwelling must not exceed these limits:

(A) Two bedroom dwelling: Up to four persons;

(B) Three-bedroom dwelling: Up to seven persons;

(C) Four-bedroom dwelling: Adequate for all but the very largest families;

(vii) The first bedroom must have at least 120 sq. ft. of floor space and additional bedrooms have at least 100 sq. ft. of floor space each;

(viii) The house site must provide economical access to utilities and must be easy to enter and leave; and

(ix) Aesthetics and access to school bus routes must be considered.

(2) The following exceptions apply to the standards in paragraph (1) of this definition:

(i) If access to a particular utility is not available and there is no prospect of access becoming available, then the standard relating to that utility does not apply; and

(ii) In regions of severe climate, the size of the house may be reduced to meet the region's applicable building standards.

Substandard housing means condition(s) exist that do not meet the definition of *standard housing* in this part of the rule.

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

§ 256.7

Superintendent means the Bureau official in charge of an agency office.

[63 FR 10134, Mar. 2, 1998, as amended at 64 FR 13896, Mar. 23, 1999]

§ 256.3 Policy.

(a) The Bureau of Indian Affairs housing policy is that every American family should have the opportunity for a decent home and suitable living environment. The Housing Improvement Program will serve the neediest of the needy Indian families who have no other resource for standard housing.

(b) Every Indian who meets the basic eligibility criteria defined in § 256.6 is entitled to participate in the program. Participation is based on priority of need, regardless of tribal affiliation.

(c) Tribal participation in and direct administration of the Housing Improvement Program is encouraged to the maximum extent possible. Tribal involvement is necessary to ensure that the services provided under the program are responsive to the needs of the tribes and the program participants.

(d) Partnerships with complementary improvement programs are encouraged to increase basic benefits derived from the Housing Improvement Program fund. An example is the agreement with Indian Health Services to provide water and sanitation facilities for Housing Improvement Program houses.

§ 256.4 Information Collection.

The information collection requirements contained in § 256.9 have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3507 *et seq.* and assigned clearance number 1076-0084. The information is collected to determine applicant eligibility for services and eligibility to participate in the program based on the criteria referenced in §§ 256.9 and 256.10. Response is required to obtain a benefit. The public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average thirty minutes per response, including the time for reviewing the instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form.

§ 256.5 What is the Housing Improvement Program?

The Housing Improvement Program provides a grant to fund services to repair, renovate, replace or provide housing for the neediest of the needy Indian families having substandard housing or who are without housing and have no other recourse for assistance.

§ 256.6 Am I eligible for the Housing Improvement Program?

You are eligible for the Housing Improvement Program if:

(a) You are a member of a Federally recognized American Indian tribe or Alaska Native village;

(b) You live in an approved tribal service area;

(c) Your annual income does not exceed 125 percent of the Department of Health and Human Services poverty income guidelines. These guidelines are available from your servicing housing office;

(d) Your present housing is substandard as defined in § 256.2; and

(e) You meet the ownership requirements for the assistance needed, as defined in § 256.8, § 256.9, or § 256.10;

(f) You have no other resource for housing assistance;

(g) You have not received assistance after October 1, 1986, for repairs and renovation, replacement or housing, or down payment assistance; and

(h) You did not acquire your present housing through participation in a Federal government-sponsored housing program that includes provision for the assistance referred to in paragraph (g) of this section.

[63 FR 10134, Mar. 2, 1998; 64 FR 13896, Mar. 23, 1999]

§ 256.7 What housing services are available under the Housing Improvement Program?

There are three categories of assistance available under the Housing Improvement Program, as outlined in the following table

§ 256.8

25 CFR Ch. I (4–1–02 Edition)

| Type of assistance | What it provides | Where to find information |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| Category A—Interim improvements | Up to \$2,500 in housing repairs to the house in which you live. | § 256.8. |
| Category B—Repairs and renovation | Up to \$35,000 in repairs and improvement to your house. | § 256.9. |
| Category C—Replacement housing | A modest dwelling that meets the criteria in § 256.11. | § 256.10–11. |

§ 256.8 When do I qualify for Category A assistance?

You qualify for interim improvement assistance under Category A if it is not cost effective to renovate the dwelling in which you live and if either of the following is true:

- (a) Other resources to meet your housing needs exist but are not immediately available; or
- (b) You qualify for replacement housing under Category C, but there are no Housing Improvement Program funds available to replace your house.

§ 256.9 When do I qualify for Category B assistance?

You qualify for repairs and renovation assistance under Category B if you meet the requirements of this section.

- (a) Your servicing housing office must determine that it is cost effective to repair and renovate the house.
- (b) You must either:
 - (1) Own the house; or
 - (2) Lease the house with:

(i) An undivided leasehold (i.e., you are the only lessee); and

(ii) A leasehold that will last at least 25 years from the date that you receive the assistance.

(c) The servicing housing office must determine that the repairs and improvements will make the house meet applicable building code standards.

(d) You must sign a written agreement stating that, if you sell the house within 5 years of the completion of repairs:

- (1) The assistance grant under this part will be voided; and
- (2) At the time of settlement, you will repay BIA the full cost of all repairs made under this part.

§ 256.10 When do I qualify for Category C assistance?

(a) You qualify for replacement housing assistance under Category C if you meet one of the four sets of requirements in the following table.

| You qualify for Category C assistance if | And * * * | And * * * |
|--|--|--|
| You own the house in which you are living. | The house cannot be brought up to applicable code standards for \$35,000 or less. | |
| You lease the house in which you are living. | Your leasehold is undivided and for not less than 25 years at the time that you receive assistance. | The house cannot be brought up to applicable building code standards for \$35,000 or less. |
| You do not own a house | You own land that is suitable for housing | The land has adequate ingress and egress rights. |
| You do not own a house | You have a leasehold on land that is suitable for housing and the leasehold is undivided and for not less than 25 years at the time that you receive assistance. | The land has adequate ingress and egress rights. |

(b) If you qualify for assistance under paragraph (a) of this section, you must sign a written agreement stating that, if you sell the house within 10 years of assuming ownership:

- (1) The grant under this part will be voided; and

(2) At the time of settlement, you will repay BIA the full cost of the house.

(c) If you sell the house more than 10 years after you assume ownership, the following conditions apply:

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

§ 256.14

(1) You may retain 10 percent of the original cost of the house per year, beginning with the eleventh year.

(2) If you sell the house after the first 20 years, you will not have to repay BIA.

§ 256.11 What are the occupancy and square footage standards for housing provided with Category C assistance?

Housing provided with Category C assistance will meet the standards in the following table.

| Number of occupants | Number of bedrooms | Total house square footage (maximum) |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1-3 | *2 | 900 |
| 4-6 | *3 | 1050 |
| 7+ | *4 | **1350 |

* Determined by the servicing housing office, based on composition of the family.

** Adequate for all but the very largest families.

§ 256.12 Who administers the Housing Improvement Program?

The Housing Improvement Program is administered by a servicing housing office operated by:

(a) A Tribe, under a Pub. L. 93-638 contract or a self-governance annual funding agreement; or

(b) The Bureau of Indian Affairs.

§ 256.13 How do I apply for the Housing Improvement Program?

(a) First, you must obtain an application, BIA Form 6407, and a Privacy Act Statement from your nearest servicing housing office.

(b) Second, you must complete and sign BIA Form 6407 and the Privacy Act Statement.

(c) Third, you must submit your completed application and signed Privacy Act Statement to your servicing housing office. Submission to the nearest BIA housing office does not preclude tribal approval of the application.

(d) Fourth, you must furnish documentation proving tribal membership. Examples of acceptable documentation include a copy of your Certificate of Degree of Indian Blood (CDIB) or a copy of your tribal membership card.

(e) Fifth, you must provide proof of income from all permanent members of your household.

(1) You must submit *signed* copies of current 1040 tax returns from all per-

manent members of the household, including W-2's and all other attachments.

(2) You must provide proof of all other income from all permanent members of the household. This includes unearned income such as social security, general assistance, retirement, and unemployment benefits.

(3) If you or other household members did not file a tax return, you must submit a signed notarized statement explaining why you did not.

(f) Sixth, you must furnish a copy of your annual trust income statement from your Individual Indian Money (IIM) account, for royalty, lease, and other monies, from your home agency. If you do not have an account, you must furnish a statement from your home agency to that effect.

(g) Seventh, you must provide proof of ownership of the residence and/or land:

(1) For fee patent property, you must provide a copy of a fully executed Warranty Deed, which is available at your local county court house;

(2) For trust property, you must provide certification from your home agency;

(3) For tribally owned land, you must provide a copy of a properly executed tribal assignment, certified by the agency; or

(4) For multi-owner property, you must provide a copy of a properly executed lease.

§ 256.14 What are the steps that must be taken to process my application for the Housing Improvement Program?

(a) The servicing housing office must review your application for completeness. If your application is incomplete, the office will notify you, in writing, what is needed to complete your application and the date it must be submitted. If you do not complete your application by the deadline date, you will not be eligible for assistance in that program year.

(b) The servicing housing office will use your completed application to determine if you are eligible for the Housing Improvement Program.

(1) If you are found ineligible for the Housing Improvement Program or otherwise do not qualify for the program,

§ 256.14

25 CFR Ch. I (4–1–02 Edition)

the servicing housing office will advise you in writing within 45 days of receipt of your completed application.

(2) If you are found eligible for the Housing Improvement Program, the

servicing housing office will assess your application for need, according to the factors and numeric values shown in the following table.

| Factor | Ranking factor and definition | Ranking description | Point descriptors |
|--------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Annual Household income Must include income of all persons counted in Factors 2, 3, 4. Income includes earned income, royalties, and one-time income. | Income/125% FPIG—(% of 125% of FPIG) 0–25 26–50 51–75 76–100 101–125 | Points—(Maximum=40) 40. 30. 20. 10. 0. |
| 2 | Aged Persons For the benefit of persons age 55 or older, and Must be living in the dwelling. | Years of Age Less than 55 55 and older | Points 0. 1 point per year of age over 54. |
| 3 | Disabled Individual Any one (1) disabled person living in the dwelling. (The percentage of disability must be based on the average (mean) of the percentage of disabilities identified from two sources (A+B) of statements of conditions which may include a physician's certification, Social Security or Veterans Affairs determination, or similar determination). | % of Disability—(A%+B%/2) 100% or less than 100%. | Points—(Maximum=20) 20. 10. |
| 4 | Dependent Children Must be under the age of 18 or such other age established for purposes of parental support by tribal or state law (if any). Must live in the dwelling and not be married. | Dependent Child—(Number of Children) 1 2 3 4 5 6 or more | Points—(Maximum=5) 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. |

* FPIG means Federal Poverty Income Guidelines.

(c) The servicing housing office will develop a list of the applications considered and/or received for the Housing Improvement Program for the current program year. The list will include, at a minimum, sufficient information to determine:

- (1) The current program year;
- (2) The number of applications considered and/or received;
- (3) The eligible applicants, ranked in order of need, from highest to lowest, based on the total numeric value assigned according to the factors shown in table B. (In the case of a tie, the family with the lower income will be listed first);
- (4) The estimated allowable costs of the improvements, repairs or replacement projects for the eligible applicants and the "Priority List," identifying which applicants will be served based on the amount of available fund-

ing, starting with the most needy applicant and continuing until the amount of available funding is depleted; and

(5) The applicants not ranked, with an explanation (such as reason for ineligibility or reason for incomplete application).

(d) Your servicing housing office will inform you in writing within 45 days of completion of the listing whether funding is available to provide Housing Improvement Program services to you in that program year.

(1) If funding is available, you will be provided appropriate information concerning the availability of Housing Improvement Program services.

(2) If funding is not available, you will be advised, in writing, and provided appropriate information concerning submission for the next available program year. At the option of

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

§ 256.17

your servicing housing office and when extenuating circumstances exist, your application can be carried forward, for one year, into the next program year. You will be advised that you must provide written confirmation that the information in your application is still accurate and that you must provide current income documentation for that application to be considered in the next program year.

(e) Your servicing housing office will prepare an annual report identifying construction work undertaken during the fiscal year and related construction expenditures. The annual report is due to the servicing area office on the fifteenth day after the end of the fiscal year. The report, at a minimum, will contain:

- (1) Number of Eligible Applicants;
- (2) Number of Applicants Provided Service;
- (3) Names of Applicants Provided Service;
- (4) For Each Applicant Provided Service:
 - (i) Date of Construction Start;
 - (ii) Date of Construction Completion, if applicable;
 - (iii) Cost;
 - (iv) HIP Category.

§ 256.15 How long will I have to wait for the improvement, repair, or replacement of my dwelling to be done?

The length of time that it takes to accomplish the work to be done on your dwelling is dependent on:

- (a) Whether funds are available;
- (b) The type of work to be done;
- (c) The climate and seasonal conditions where your dwelling is located;
- (d) The availability of a contractor;
- (e) Your position on the priority list; and
- (f) Other unforeseen factors.

§ 256.16 Who is responsible for identifying what work will be done on my dwelling?

The servicing housing office is responsible for identifying what work is to be done on your dwelling or whether your dwelling will be replaced. This includes responsibility to communicate and coordinate, through provision of the current Priority List, with the Indian Health Service, when it is the or-

ganization responsible for verifying the availability/feasibility of water and wastewater facilities.

§ 256.17 What will the servicing housing office do to identify what work is to be done on my dwelling?

(a) First, a trained and qualified representative of your servicing housing office must visit your dwelling to identify what improvements or repairs are to be done under the Housing Improvement Program. The representative must ensure that flood, National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA) and earthquake requirements are met.

(b) Second, based on the list of improvements or repairs to be done, the representative must estimate the total cost of improvements or repairs to your dwelling. Cost estimates must be based on locally available services and product costs, or other regional-based, industry-recognized cost data, such as that provided by the MEANs or MARSHALL SWIFT. If the dwelling is located in Alaska, documented, reasonable, substantiated freight costs, in accordance with Federal Property Management Regulations (FPMR 101-40), not to exceed 100 percent of the cost of materials, can be added to the cost of the project.

(c) Third, the representative must determine which Housing Improvement Program category the improvements to your dwelling meet, based on the estimated cost of improvements or repairs. If the estimated cost to repair your dwelling is more than \$35,000, the representative must approve your dwelling for replacement or refer you to another source for housing. The other source does not have to be for a replacement home; it may be for government-subsidized rental units or other sources for standard housing.

(d) Fourth, the representative must develop a detailed, written report, also called "bid specifications" that identifies what and how the improvement, repair, or construction work is to be accomplished at the dwelling.

(1) When the work includes new construction, the "bid specifications" will be supplemented with a set of construction plans. The plans must not exceed the occupancy and square footage criteria identified in § 256.7. The plans

§ 256.18

must be sufficiently detailed to provide complete instructions to the builder for the purpose of construction.

(2) "Bid Specifications" are also used to inform potential bidders of what work is to be done.

§ 256.18 How will I be advised of what work is to be done?

You will receive written notice from the servicing housing office of what work is being scheduled under the Housing Improvement Program. You will be requested to concur with the scheduled work by signing a copy of the notice and returning it to the servicing housing office. No work will be started until the signed copy is returned to the servicing housing office.

§ 256.19 Who performs the improvements, repairs, or replacement of my dwelling?

Independent or tribal repair or construction trades persons, home building contractors, or construction companies will perform the improvements, repairs, or replacement of your dwelling.

§ 256.20 How are these repairs or construction trades persons, home building contractors, or construction companies selected and paid?

The servicing housing office must follow Federal procurement or other Bureau-approved tribal procurement policy. Generally, your servicing housing office develops a "bid specification" or statement of work, which identifies the work to be performed. The appropriate contracting office uses the "bid specification" to provide information and invite bids on the project to interested parties. The contracting office selects the winning bidder after technical review of the bids by and written recommendation from the servicing housing office, and after determination that the bidder is qualified and capable of completing the project as advertised.

(a) Payments to the winning bidder are negotiated in the contract and based on specified delivery of services.

(1) Partial payments will not exceed 80 percent of the value of the completed work.

(2) Final payment will be made after final inspection and after all provisions

25 CFR Ch. I (4-1-02 Edition)

of the contract have been met, including punch list items.

§ 256.21 Will I have to vacate my dwelling while repair work or replacement of my dwelling is being done?

(a) You will be notified by the servicing housing office that you must vacate your dwelling only if:

(1) It is scheduled for major repairs requiring that all occupants vacate the dwelling for safety reasons; or

(2) It is scheduled for replacement which requires the demolition of your current dwelling.

(b) If you are required to vacate the premises for the duration of the construction, you are responsible for:

(1) Locating other lodging;

(2) Paying all costs associated with vacating and living away from the dwelling; and

(3) Removing all your belongings and furnishings before the scheduled beginning work date.

§ 256.22 How can I be sure that the work that is being done on my dwelling meets minimum construction standards?

(a) At various stages of construction, a trained and qualified servicing housing office representative or building inspector will review the construction to ensure that it meets applicable minimum construction standards and building codes. Upon completion of each stage, further construction is prohibited until the inspection occurs and approval is granted.

(b) Inspections are, at a minimum, made at the following stages of construction:

(1) Footings;

(2) Closed in, rough wiring and rough plumbing; and

(3) At final completion.

§ 256.23 How will I be advised that the repair work or replacement of my dwelling has been completed?

The servicing housing office will advise you, in writing, that the work has been completed in compliance with the project contract. Also, you will have a final walk-through of the dwelling with your servicing housing office representative. You will be requested to verify that you received the notice of completion of the work by signing a

Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior

§ 256.29

copy of the notice and returning it to the servicing housing office representative.

§ 256.24 How many times can I receive improvements, repairs, or replacement services under the Housing Improvement Program?

(a) Under Interim Improvements, Category A, you can receive services under the Housing Improvement Program more than one time, for improvements to the dwelling in which you are living to improve the safety or sanitation of the dwelling:

(1) For not more than a total cost of \$2,500;

(2) For not more than one dwelling.

(b) Under Repairs and Renovation, Category B, after October 1, 1986, you may receive services one time, for repairs to the dwelling that you own and occupy that requires not more than \$35,000 to make the dwelling meet applicable building code standards.

(c) Under Replacement Housing, Category C, after October 1, 1986, you may receive services one time, for a modest replacement home.

§ 256.25 Will I need flood insurance?

You will need flood insurance if your dwelling is located in an area identified as having special flood hazards under the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (Pub. L. 93-234, 87 Stat. 977). Your servicing housing office will advise you.

§ 256.26 Is my Federal government-assisted dwelling eligible for services under the Housing Improvement Program?

Yes. You may receive services under the Housing Improvement Program if your home was purchased through a Federal government sponsored home program that does not include provision for housing assistance.

§ 256.27 Can I receive Housing Improvement Program services if I am living in a mobile home?

Yes. If you meet the eligibility criteria in § 256.6 and there is sufficient funding available, you can receive any of the Housing Improvement Program services identified in § 256.7. If you require Category B services and your mobile home has exterior walls of less than three inches, you must be provided Category C services.

§ 256.28 Can Housing Improvement Program resources be supplemented with other available resources?

Yes. Housing Improvement Program resources may be supplemented through other available resources to increase the number of Housing Improvement Program recipients.

§ 256.29 What can I do if I disagree with actions taken under the Housing Improvement Program?

You may appeal action or inaction by an official of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, in accordance with 25 CFR part 2. You may appeal action or inaction by tribal officials through the appeal process established by the servicing tribe.

SUBCHAPTER L—HERITAGE PRESERVATION

PART 262—PROTECTION OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Sec.

262.1 Purpose, scope and information collection.

262.2 Definitions.

262.3 Consultation to determine need for a permit.

262.4 Activities by Indian tribes or individuals that require a permit.

262.5 Application for permits.

262.6 Landowner consent by the Secretary.

262.7 Notice to Indian tribes of possible harm to cultural or religious sites.

262.8 Custody of archaeological resources.

AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 470aa–11.

CROSS REFERENCE: For uniform regulations issued by the Departments of Agriculture, Defense, and the Interior and the Tennessee Valley Authority pertaining to the protection of archaeological resources, and for supplemental regulations issued by the Department of the Interior pertaining to the same, see 43 CFR part 7, subparts A and B.

SOURCE: 58 FR 65249, Dec. 13, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

§ 262.1 Purpose, scope and information collection.

(a) *Purpose and scope.* The purpose of this part is to implement certain provisions of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (Act) of 1979 (16 U.S.C. 470aa–11), in accordance with section 10(b) and consistent with uniform regulations promulgated under section 10(a) by the Secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture, and Defense and the Chairman of the Board of the Tennessee Valley Authority (43 CFR part 7, 36 CFR part 296, 32 CFR parts 229 and 1312) on February 6, 1984. This part shall provide guidance to officials of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) on the implementation of the Act as it pertains to this agency.

(b) *Information collection.* The information collection requirements contained in § 262.5 do not require approval by the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

§ 262.2 Definitions.

As used for purposes of this part:

(a) *Funerary objects* means objects that, as a part of the death rite or cere-

mony of a culture, are reasonably believed to have been placed with human remains of Indians either at the time of death or later, or to have been made exclusively for burial purposes or to contain such remains.

(b) *Sacred objects* means specific ceremonial objects that are needed by traditional Indian religious leaders for the practice of traditional Indian religions by their present day adherents.

(c) *Object of cultural patrimony* means an object having ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to an Indian tribe itself and that shall have been considered inalienable by the tribe at the time the object was separated therefrom.

(d) *Indian individual* means:

(1) Any person who is an enrolled member of a Federally recognized Indian tribe;

(2) Any person who is a descendent of such a member and was, on June 1, 1934, physically residing within the present boundaries of any Indian reservation; or

(3) Any other person of one-half or more Indian blood of tribes indigenous to the United States.

(e) *Lands of Indian tribes* means land or any interest therein:

(1) The title to which is held in trust by the United States for an Indian tribe; or

(2) The title to which is held by an Indian tribe, but which cannot be alienated or encumbered by the owner without the approval of the Secretary because of limitations contained in the conveyance instrument pursuant to Federal law or because of a Federal law directly imposing such restrictions.

(f) *Lands of Indian individuals* means land or any interest therein:

(1) The title to which is held in trust by the United States for the benefit of Indian individuals; or

(2) The title to which is held by Indian individuals, but which cannot be alienated or encumbered by the owner without the approval of the Secretary because of limitations contained in the conveyance instrument pursuant to Federal law or because of a Federal law directly imposing such restrictions.